BUILDING LIFECYCLE REPORT

LARGE-SCALE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

THE FORMER FORD DISTRIBUTION SITE, FRONTING ONTO CENTRE PARK ROAD, BALLINTEMPLE, CORK.

CLIENT

MARINA QUARTER LTD





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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY





1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - BUILDING LIFE CYCLE REPORT

Measures to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents.

The following document reviews the specification set out for the proposed Large-scale Residential Development (LRD) on an overall site area of 0.84ha at The Former Ford Distribution Site, fronting onto Centre Park Road, Ballintemple, Cork and explores the practical implementation of the design and material principles which have informed design of roofs, façades, internal layouts and detailing of the proposed development and building typologies.

Building materials proposed for use on elevations and in the public realm achieve a durable standard of quality that will not need regular fabric replacement or maintenance outside general day to day care. The choice of high quality and long-lasting materials, as well as both soft and hardscape in the public, semi-public and private realm, and communal open space will contribute to lower maintenance costs for future residents and occupiers.

This report has been prepared on the basis of information available at planning stage. This report reflects the outline material descriptions contained within JFA Architects' Architectural Design Statement and planning drawings received.

For any elements where information was not available, typical examples have been provided of building materials and services used for schemes of this nature and their associated lifespans and maintenance requirements. All information is therefore indicative subject to confirmation at detailed design stage.

As the building design develops this document will be updated and a schedule will be generated from the items below detailing maintenance and replacement costs over the lifespan of the materials and development constituent parts in a summary document. This will enable a robust schedule of building component repair and replacement costs which will be available to the property management company so that running, and maintenance costs of the development are kept within the agreed Annual operational budget, this will take the form of a Planned Preventative Maintenance Schedule (PPM) at operational commencement of the development.



DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT





2.0 DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development comprises the following:

 Permission for the construction of 176 no. 1, 2 and 3 bed apartment units in 2 no. blocks, 1 no. creche, 1 no. gym, a retail/café space, and all associated ancillary development works.



INRODUCTION





3.0 INTRODUCTION

Aramark Property were instructed by Marina Quarter Ltd, to provide a Building Lifecycle Report for their proposed Large-scale Residential Development (LRD) on an overall site area of 0.84ha at The Former Ford Distribution Site, fronting onto Centre Park Road, Ballintemple, Cork.

The purpose of this report is to provide an initial assessment of long-term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application, as well as demonstrating what measures have been specifically considered to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of the residents. This is achieved by producing a Building Lifecycle Report.

This Building Lifecycle Report has been developed on foot of the revised guidelines for Sustainable Urban Housing: Design Standards for New Apartments - Guidelines for Planning Authorities (July 2023) issued under Section 28 of the Planning and Development Act, 2000 (as amended). Within the new guidelines, new guidance is being provided on residential schemes.

Section 6.12 of the Operation and Management of Apartment Developments (July 2023) requires that:

"planning applications for apartment development shall include a building lifecycle report which in turn includes an assessment of long-term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application, as well as demonstrating what measures have been specifically considered by the proposer to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents."

EXTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE





4.0 EXTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE

4.1 Roofing

4.1.1 Green Roofs (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Selected Flat Roof Areas (maintenance access only)
Description	Extensive green roof system to engineer's specification.
Lifecycle	Average lifecycle of 15-35 years on most green roofs. Lifecycle will be extended with robust proven detailing to adjoining roof elements and appropriate and regular maintenance of the roof materials.
Required maintenance	Quarterly maintenance visits to include inspection of drainage layer and outlets and removal of any blockages to prevent ponding. Inspection of vegetation layer for fungus and decay. Carry out weeding as necessary. No irrigation necessary with sedum blankets.
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	A green roof will add to the character of the overall scheme, as well as providing attenuation to storm water run-off and less burden on rainwater goods, increased thermal and sound insulation to the building and increased biodiversity. Natural soft finishes can provide visual amenity for residents where roof areas are visible or accessible from within areas of the scheme. Sedum roofs are a popular and varied choice for green roofs requiring minimal maintenance.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.

4.1.2 Roof (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Selected Flat Roof Areas (maintenance access only)
Description	Single layer membrane roof system to engineer's specification.
	Selected membrane and pressed metal cappings.
Lifecycle	Average lifecycle of 15-25 years on most membrane roofs. Lifecycle will be extended with robust proven detailing to adjoining roof elements and appropriate and regular maintenance of the roof materials.
Required maintenance	Half-yearly maintenance visits to include inspection of membrane material for puncture / cracks on sheeting; seams and flashing details; around drainage and ventilation outlets and removal of any vegetation/moss blockages to prevent ponding.
Year	Half-Yearly / Annual
Priority	Medium
Selection	Membrane roof with appropriate built-up system will provide durability,
process	lacks water permeability, and easily maintain without shutting down building operations during application.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.



4.1.3 Flashings (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	All flashing locations
Description	Appropriate materials to be used for all flashing and counter flashings.
Lifecycle	Typical life expectancy of 70 years recorded for flashings. Recessed joint sealing requires regular inspections. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Check joint fixings for flashing, ground survey annually and close-up inspection every 5 years. Re-secure as necessary.
Year	Ground level inspection annually and close-up inspection every 5 years
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Alternatives to lead has longest life expectancy of comparable materials such as copper (60 years) and zinc (50 years). Provided appropriate safety precautions are taken, lead is the recommended choice for large residential, commercial, or industrial builds. Lead is easily formed into the required shapes for effective weathering of building junctions according to standard Lead Sheet Association details.
Reference	N/A

4.1.4 Fall Arrest System for Roof Maintenance Access (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Flat roof areas to all blocks (maintenance access only)
Description	 Fall Protection System on approved anchorage device. Installation in accordance with BS 7883 by the system manufacturer or a contractor approved by the system manufacturer.
Lifecycle	25-30 years dependent on quality of materials. Generally steel finishes to skyward facing elements can be expected to maintain this life expectancy.
Required maintenance	Check and reset tension on the line as per manufacturer's specifications. Check all hardware components for wear (shackles, eye bolts, turn buckles). Check elements for signs of wear and/or weathering. Lubricate all moving parts. Check for structural damage or modifications.
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection process	Fall protection systems are a standard life safety system, provided for safe maintenance of roofs and balconies where there is not adequate parapet protection. Fall protection systems must comply with relevant quality standards.
Reference	N/A



4.2 Rainwater Drainage

1 ('	All Ludhalana
Location	All buildings
Description	Rainwater outlets: Suitable for specified roof membranes
-	Pipework: uPVC downpipes and gutters
	Below ground drainage: To Engineers' design and specification
	Disposal: To surface water drainage to Engineers' design
	Controls: To Engineers' design and specification
	Accessories: allow for outlet gradings, spigots, downspout nozzle,
	hopper heads, balcony and main roof outlets
Lifecycle	uPVC gutters and downpipes have an expected life expectancy of 40
	years in rural and suburban conditions (25 years in industrial and
	marine conditions), this is comparable to cast iron of 50 years and
	plastic, less so at 30 years. As used across the industry nationally,
	typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and
	maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	As with roofing systems routine inspection is key to preserving the
maintenance	lifecycle of rainwater systems. Regular cleaning and rainwater heads
	and gutters, checking joints and fixings and regularly cleaning polyester
	coated surfaces (no caustic or abrasive materials).
Year	Annually, cleaning bi-annually
Priority	High
Selection	As above, uPVC fittings compare well against cast iron (in terms of
process	cost) and plastic (in terms of lifespan and aesthetic).
Reference	N/A

4.3 External Walls

4.3.1 Brick (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Façades
Description	'Buff' and 'Cream' brickwork to select locations.
Lifecycle	Selected colour bricks have a high embodied energy, they are an extremely durable material. Brickwork in this application is expected to have a lifespan of 50-80 years. The mortar pointing however has a shorter lifespan of 25-50 years. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime.
Required maintenance	In general, given their durability, brickwork finishes require little maintenance. Most maintenance is preventative: checking for hairline cracks, deterioration of mortar, plant growth on walls, or other factors that could signal problems or lead to eventual damage.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection process	Aesthetic, lightweight, cost-efficient and low maintenance cladding option, indistinguishable from traditional brick construction.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.



4.3.2 Metal (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Façades
Description	 Aluminium clad window and door frames to selected colour. Metal spandrel panel adjacent windows. Balcony structural and handrail/balustrade.
Lifecycle	Lifespan expectancy generally in excess of 40 years. As used across the industry nationally, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Metal cladding requires little maintenance and is resistant to corrosion. It can contribute to lower ongoing maintenance costs in comparison to exposed porous materials which may be liable to faster deterioration. Long term cleaning requirements should be taken into consideration.
Year	Inspection annually; cleaning 5 yearly
Priority	Low
Selection process	Metal cladding protects the building's structure from rainwater and weathering. Metal cladding systems are also chosen for their aesthetic impact, durability and weathering properties.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.

4.3.3 Render (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Façades
Description	Grey render finish to selected locations.
Lifecycle	Renders in general are expected to have a lifecycle of circa 25 years. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime.
Required maintenance	Regular inspections to check for cracking and de-bonding. Most maintenance is preventative. Coloured render requires less maintenance than traditional renders.
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Appropriate detailing will contribute to a long lifespan for this installation. Render is a durable and low-maintenance finish.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.

4.3.4 Stone (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Facades
Description	Light coloured stone effect band.
Lifecycle	Stone finish cladding is expected to have a lifespan in the region of 60-
	80 years.
Required maintenance	In general, given its durability, stone requires little maintenance and weathers well. Most maintenance is preventative; check for deterioration of mortar, plant growth, or other factors that could signal problems or lead to eventual damage.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Stone is a natural and highly durable material offering a robust
process	aesthetic. Has a high durability.
Reference	John Fleming Architects' planning drawings & design statement.



4.4 External Windows & Doors

Location	Façades
Description	 Mixture of clear and obscure glazed windows with Aluminium coated frames to select finish. All units to be double glazed with thermally broken frames. All opening sections in windows to be fitted with suitable restrictors. Include for all necessary ironmongery; include for all pointing and mastic sealant as necessary; fixed using stainless steel metal straps screwed to masonry reveals; include for all bends, drips, flashings, thermal breaks etc.
Lifecycle	Aluminium has a typical lifespan of 30-40 years. As used nationwide, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Check surface of windows and doors regularly so that damage can be detected. Vertical moldings can become worn and require more maintenance than other surface areas. Lubricate at least once a year. Ensure regular cleaning regime. Check for condensation on frame from window and ensure ventilation.
Year	Annual
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Aluminium is durable and low maintenance with an average lifespan of 30-40 years. Alu-clad timber windows compare favourably when compared to the above, extending timber windows typical lifespan of 35-50 years by 10-15 years.
Reference	N/A

4.5 Balconies

4.5.1 Structure

Location	Façades
Description	 Concrete balcony system to engineer's detail, or Powder-coated steel frame balcony system to engineer's detail Thermally broken farrat plate connections to main structure of building.
Lifecycle	 Metal structure has a typical life expectancy of 70 years dependent on maintenance of components. Precast concrete structures have a high embodied energy; however, it is an extremely durable material. Concrete frame has a typical life expectancy of 80 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Relatively low maintenance required. Check balcony system as per manufacturer's specifications. Check all hardware components for wear. Check elements for signs of wear and/or weathering. Check for structural damage or modifications.
Year	Annual
Priority	High
Selection process	Engineered detail; designed for strength and safety.
Reference	N/A



4.5.2 Balustrades and Handrails

Location	Balconies (Blocks A + B)
Description	Powder-coated Metal Balustrade / Handrailing system including fixings in accordance with manufacturer's details.
Lifecycle	General metal item has a lifespan of 25-45 years. As used across the industry nationally, long lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Annual visual inspection of connection pieces for impact damage or alterations.
Year	Annual
Priority	High
Selection process	Metal option will have a longer lifespan and require less maintenance than timber options (10-20 years).
Reference	N/A

INTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE





5.0 INTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE

5.1 Floors

5.1.1 Common Areas

Location	Entrance lobbies / Common corridors
Description	Selected anti-slip porcelain floor tile complete with inset matwell.
	Selected loop pile carpet tiles.
Lifecycle	20-30 years lifespan for floor tiles in heavy wear areas. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
	 10–15-year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning, intermittent replacement of
maintenance	chipped / loose tiles
Year	• •
7007	Annual for floor tiles.
	Quarterly inspection and cleaning of carpets as necessary
Priority	Low
Selection	Durable, low maintenance floor finish. Slip rating required at entrance
process	lobby, few materials provide this and are as hard wearing. Using carpet
	allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions alter and change
D (providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A

Location	Stairwells, landings / half landings
Description	Selected carpet covering. Approved anodised aluminium nosing's to
	stairs.
Lifecycle	 10–15-year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
	20-year lifespan for aluminium nosing's.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning.
maintenance	
Year	Quarterly inspection and cleaning as necessary.
Priority	Low
Selection	Using carpet allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions alter and
process	change providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A

Location	Lift Lobbies
Description	Carpet/vinyl and porcelain tiles to match adjacent apartment common
	lobbies.
Lifecycle	20-30 years lifespan for floor tiles in heavy wear areas. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
	 10–15-year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning, intermittent replacement of
maintenance	chipped / loose tiles.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Slip rating required for lifts, few materials provide this and are as hard
process	wearing. Using carpet allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions
	alter and change providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A



5.1.2 Tenant Areas

Location	Resident Amenity (e.g. Creche, Gymnasium, etc)
Description	 Timber laminate / parquet flooring, or Carpet covering Provide for inset matwell
Lifecycle	 Laminated / parquet timber flooring has an expected life expectancy of 25-35 years dependent on use. 10-15 year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also
Required	Visual inspection. Sweep clean regularly ensuring to remove any dirt.
maintenance	Clean up spills immediately and use only recommended floor cleaners.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Materials chosen for aesthetics, durability and low maintenance.
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	All wet areas (e.g., WC's)
Description	Selected anti-slip ceramic floor tile.
Lifecycle	Lifespan expectation of 20-25 years in heavy wear areas, likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection, intermittent replacement of chipped / loose tiles.
maintenance	
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Slip rating required at entrance lobby, few materials provide this and
process	are as hard wearing.
Reference	N/A

5.2 Walls

5.2.1 Common Areas

Location	Entrance lobbies / Corridors
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A



Location	Lift cores / lobbies / corridors / stairs
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A

5.2.2 Tenant Areas

Location	Resident Amenity (e.g. Creche, Gymnasium, etc)
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	Wet areas (e.g. WC's)
Description	Selected ceramic wall tile to plasterboard (moisture board to wet areas).
Lifecycle	Typical life expectancy of 35-40 years, less in wet room areas to 20-25 years.
Dogwinod	,
Required	Bi-annual inspection to review damage, local repairs as necessary,
maintenance	particular detailed inspection in wet room areas.
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection	Wet room application requires moisture board and tiling.
process	
Reference	N/A



5.3 Ceilings

Location	Common areas & tenant areas
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard ceiling on
	metal frame ceiling system. Acoustic ceiling to lift core and apartment
	lobbies. Moisture board to wet areas.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle
	achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the
	upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	Resident Amenity (e.g. Creche, Gymnasium, etc)
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed moisture board ceiling.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A

5.4 Internal Handrails & Balustrades

Location	Stairs & landings
Description	Mild steel painted balustrade and handrail.
Lifecycle	Over 40 years typical lifecycle. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular inspections of holding down bolts and joints
maintenance	
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	Hard-wearing long-life materials against timber options
process	
Reference	N/A



5.5 Carpentry & Joinery

5.5.1 Internal Doors and Frames

Location	All buildings
Description	 Selected white primed and painted/varnished solid internal doors, or hardwood veneered internal doors. All fire rated doors and joinery items to be manufactured in
	accordance with B.S. 476 (Fire Tests). Timber saddle boards.
	Brushed aluminium door ironmongery or similar
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan. Longer lifecycle achieved by
	regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of
	materials.
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low, unless fire door High
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A

5.5.2 Skirtings & Architraves

Location	All buildings
Description	Painted timber / Medium-density fibreboard (MDF) skirtings and architraves
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A

5.5.3 Window Boards

Location	All Buildings
Description	Painted timber / Medium-density fibreboard (MDF) window boards
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A

BUILDING SERVICES





6.0 BUILDING SERVICES

6.1 Mechanical Systems

6.1.1 Mechanical Plant

Location	Residential / Apartments
Description	Space Heating is proposed to consist primarily of Air Source Heat Pumps (ASHP). Space Heating is proposed to consist of Electric Panel Radiators. Further details to be provided by Mechanical & Electrical (M&E) Consultant at detailed design stage.
Lifecycle	 Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Heating System Annual Maintenance of Air Source Heat Pumps Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Heating and Water Pumps. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Water Tanks. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Water Booster - sets. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to DHS Tanks. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage. Replacement of equipment at End of Life (EOL) to be determined at detailed design stage.
Required maintenance	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE) recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A

6.1.2 Soils and Wastes

Location	All Areas / Kitchens / Bathrooms etc
Description	Soils and Wastes Pipework – uPVC and High-Density Polyethylene. (HDPE)
Lifecycle	Annual inspections required for all pipework within landlord areas.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE) recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A



6.1.3 Water Services

Location	Residential / Apartments
Description	 Water Heating is proposed to consist of a Pre-Packaged Air Source Heat Pump Hot Water Cylinder. (ASHPHWC) for Domestic Hot Water. The water services installation within the landlord and core areas shall be as per the M&E Design. Within the apartments, the water services installation will be complete using Pre-insulated Multi-Layered Alu-Plex type system.
Lifecycle	 Annual Maintenance / Inspection of Air Source Heat Pump Hot Water Cylinders. (ASPHHWC) Annual Inspection required of all pipework within landlord areas. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the
	design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered
	Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE) recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A

6.1.4 Ventilation Services

Location	Residential / Apartments
Description	Centralised Mechanical Extract Ventilation System (MEV) Ducting &
	Grilles
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection of Ducted Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit (DHRV)
	Annual Inspection of extract fan / and grilles
	Annual Inspection of operation of fan and boost / setback facility if
	provided on units.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the
	design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered
	Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE)
	recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A



6.2 Electrical / Protective Services

6.2.1 Electrical Infrastructure

Location	Switch rooms / Risers
Description	Maintenance of Electrical Switchgear
Lifecycle	 Annual Inspection of Electrical Switchgear and switchboards. Thermographic imagining of switchgear 50% of Medium Voltage (MV) Switchgear Annually and Low Voltage (LV) switchgear every 3 years. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual / Every three years to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet and exceed Electricity Supply Board (ESB),
process	IS10101:2020, Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers of
	Ireland's (CIBSE) recommendations and be code compliant in all cases.
Reference	N/A

6.2.2 Lighting Services internal

Location	All Areas – Internal
Description	Lighting – Light-Emitting Diode (LED) throughout with Presence
	detection in circulation areas and locally controlled in apartments.
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection of All Luminaires
	Quarterly Inspection of Emergency Lighting.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required per above
maintenance	remedial works.
Year	Annually / Quarterly
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the
process	current National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) Irish Standard
	for Emergency Lighting I.S.3217:2013 + A1 2017, Building Regulations
	Technical Guidance Document Part M and Disability Access Certificate
	(DAC) Requirements.
Reference	N/A



6.2.3 Lighting Services External

Location	All Areas – External
Description	Lighting – All Light-Emitting Diode (LED) with Vandal Resistant
	Diffusers where exposed.
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection of All Luminaires
	Quarterly Inspection of Emergency Lighting
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required as per the
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) schedule.
Year	Annually / Quarterly
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the
process	current National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) Irish Standard
	for Emergency Lighting I.S.3217:2013 + A1 2017, Building Regulations
	Technical Guidance Document Part M and Disability Access Certificate
	(DAC) Requirements.
Reference	N/A

6.2.4 Protective Services - Fire Alarm

Location	All areas – Internal
Description	Fire alarm
Lifecycle	 Quarterly Inspection of panels and 25% testing of devices as per IS3218:2013 + A1 2019 requirements. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required as per the
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) schedule.
Year	Annually / Quarterly
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the
process	current National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) Irish Standard
	for Fire Alarm Installations I.S.3218:2013 + A1 2019 and the Fire Cert
Reference	N/A

6.2.5 Protective Services – Fire Extinguishers

Location	All Areas – Internal
Description	Fire Extinguishers and Fire Blankets
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection
Required	Annual with Replacement of all extinguishers at year 10
maintenance	
Year	Annually
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design
	matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Selection	All fire extinguishers must meet the requirements of the National
process	Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) Irish Standard for Portable Fire
	Extinguishers I.S 291:2015 + A1 2022 in relation to the selection,
	commissioning, installation, inspection and maintenance of portable fire
	extinguishers.
Reference	N/A



6.2.6 Protective Services – Apartment Sprinkler System (Where Applicable by Fire Cert)

Location	Residential / Apartments.
Description	Apartment Sprinkler System
Lifecycle	Weekly / Annual Inspection
Required	Weekly Check of Sprinkler Pumps and plant and annual testing and
maintenance	certification of plant by specialist.
Year	All
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Selection	The Apartment sprinkler system shall be installed in accordance with
process	European Standard BS EN 12845:2015 - Fixed firefighting systems.
	Automatic sprinkler systems. Design, installation, and maintenance.
Reference	N/A

6.2.7 Protective Services - Dry Risers (Where Applicable by Fire Cert)

Location	Common Area Cores of Apartments
Description	Dry Risers
Lifecycle	Weekly / Annual Inspection
Required	Visual Weekly Checks of Pipework and Landing Valves with Annual
maintenance	testing and certification by specialist.
Year	Annually
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design
	matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Selection	The system shall be installed in accordance with the Irish Standard IS
process	391:2020: EN – Fire Hydrant System Equipment & Effective Fire Safety
	in the Design, Management and Use of Buildings.
Reference	N/A

6.2.8 Fire Fighting Lobby Ventilation (To Fire Consultants Design and Specification)

Location	Common Area Lobbies			
Description	Smoke Extract / Exhaust Systems			
Lifecycle	 Regular Tests of the system Annual inspection of Fans Annual inspection of automatic doors and Automatic Opening Vents (AOV) All systems to be backed up by life safety systems. 			
Required maintenance	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme.			
Year	Weekly / Annually			
Priority	Medium			
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE) recommended lifecycles.			
Reference	N/A			



6.2.9 Sustainable Services

Location	Residential / Apartments			
Description	Heat Pump Hot Water Cylinders (ASHPHWC)			
Lifecycle	 Annual Maintenance of Air Source Heat Pump Hot Water Cylinders. (ASHPHWC) Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage. 			
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development			
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme			
Year	Annually			
Priority	Medium			
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the			
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the			
	design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered			
	Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE)			
	recommended lifecycles.			
Reference	N/A			

Location	Basement Car Park Charging Points					
Description	Electric Car Charging infrastructure within the development to comply					
	with planning conditions and supporting the Part L / NZEB					
	requirements.					
	Full Details to be provided at detailed stage.					
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection					
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of					
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.					
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of the Development					
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme					
Year	Annually					
Priority	Medium					
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the					
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the					
	design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered					
	Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE)					
	recommended lifecycles.					
Reference	N/A					



Location	Roof				
Description	Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Panel Thermal Array on roof supporting the Part L / NZEB requirements. Full Details to be provided at detailed stage.				
Lifecycle	Quarterly Clean Annual Inspection				
	 Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage. 				
Required maintenance	Quarterly / Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of the Development Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) Programme				
Year	Annually				
Priority	Medium				
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers of Ireland's (CIBSE) recommended lifecycles.				
Reference	N/A				

APPENDIX 1



7.0 APPENDIX 1 – SCHEDULE FOR COSTS EVALUATION

7.1 Schedule for Cost Evaluation

The Schedule for Costs Evaluation provides a framework to allow costs per apartment, quantified from the development, to be applied. At detailed design stage, schedule of areas and quantity of items is provided by the Architect and Quantity Surveyor to allow quantification of the lifecycle replacement costs during the lifespan of the building.

Further to this, once detailed design is confirmed, annual cost of maintenance will also be calculated to include with the schedule, to complete the overall costs evaluation.

The schedule will be modified to suit when developer's Architect and Quantity Surveyor provide requisite schedules of areas and quantity and cost of items for the development.

The sampled schedule attached lays out all Building Fabric and Building Services Elements, associated specification and locations. These are then quantified as cost per unit, alongside maintenance costs with VAT rate, and broken into Annual Costs, and many specific commentaries, for the eventual end user of the property.





Comments Vat Inclusive Cost Vat Rate 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 23.0% 13.5% 23.0% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% **Annual Cost** Anticipated Life Span (Yrs) 12 25 12 2 3 3 32 09 09 09 12 12 20 20 60 15 15 20 30 20 20 30 40 2 2 2 20 20 VAT Inclusive Cost VAT Rate 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 23.0% 13.5% 23.0% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% 13.5% , **Total Cost** Maintenance Cost Cost Per Unit Areas / Quantity Apartment
Staircores / Common
Areas
Common Areas /
Apartments Multiple Locations Multiple Locations External Main Board Select Locations
Landlord Boards Various Levels
Replacement Cold
Water Mains Water and Select Locations
Fire Tanks Location(s) Select Locations Select Locations Select Locations Select Locations Select Locations Various Levels Multiple Locations Select Locations Apartments Apartment Apartments Apartment Apartment All Cores External External Various Roof Site Pipework Distribution Gas Fired CHP Units Lift Replacement
Car Park , External ,
Staircores
Landlord Fire Alarm
Apartment Boards itchens, Wardrobes, Booster Pumps associated with the above Concrete Roof Tile TBC TBC TBC Heat Interface Unit Ventilaiton Heat Recovery Unit External Lighting Kitchen Appliances Specification Seats, Tables, Playground Flooring, Handrail, Balustrade, etc oose furniture ment - Building Fabric Roof Coverings
Common Area Doors
Apartment Doors
External Doors 3as Fired CHP / ASHP tures and Fittings **Distribution Network** Lighting - Landlord xternal Cladding ternal Furniture ias Fired Boilers Main Board Electrical Boards Alarm artment Boards ose furniture Apartment HRU ooster Pumps Apartment HIU ternal Walls loor Finishes oor Finishes loor Finishes **3uffer Vessel** Wall Finishes **Nall Finishes Nall Finishes** hite Goods Site Lighting ater Tanks /indows cony

SAMPLE - Life Cycle Costs

Summary of Costs

CONCLUSION & CONTACT DETAILS





8.0 CONCLUSION & CONTACT DETAILS

Building materials proposed for use on elevations and in the public realm achieve a durable standard of quality that will not need regular fabric replacement or maintenance outside general day to day care. The choice of high quality and long-lasting materials, as well as both soft and hardscape in the public, semi-public and private realm, and communal open space will contribute to lower maintenance costs for future residents and occupiers.

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